

ITALY STRIKES BLOW AT ENEMY NEAR TOLMINO

Cadorna's Victorious Troops Turn North in Vast Movement

THEY MAY CUT OFF COMMUNICATIONS

Mont San Gabriele Virtually in Hands of Captors of Monte Santo

London, Aug. 31.—Italy's victorious offensive reached its second and most important stage yesterday. Having attained practical dominance of the Bainsizza plateau, Gen. Cadorna's troops began a vast flanking movement northward. Tolmino is the immediate objective of this drive.

Despatches from the front yesterday indicated the Italian troops were forging ahead and had arrived almost before the preliminary line defenses of this Austrian city.

At the same time another Italian army reached out beyond Monte Cuneo for a coincidental drive eastward on the same city.

Despatches from Rome told of further progress gained east on the plateau toward the Chiapovano valley. It is through this gap that one of the main arteries of Austrian communication between the northern and southern armies—the latter guarding Trieste—is run. A victory here would be of vast strategic importance.

All despatches yesterday emphasized the ferocity of the fighting in the Bainsizza sector. The Austrians are offering desperate resistance.

Italians Take San Gabriele.

Washington, Aug. 31.—The mountain of San Gabriele virtually has been captured by the Italians in their drive on the Isonzo stronghold, according to a statement made yesterday at the Italian embassy. The Austrians, the embassy's information says, are deserting. This important point, the fall of which has been but a matter of time ever since the capture of Monte Santo.

According to advices from Rome, the great battle for possession of the Bainsizza plateau is now in the second stage. The Austrian withdrawal, which was fast becoming a disorderly rout, has arrived at positions apparently strongly prepared.

Whether the Austrians will be able to hold these emergency positions is regarded as questionable, the Italian advance having been so impetuous as to give the foe the minimum of time for reorganization.

The Rome statement contains details of rear guard actions in which many prisoners were taken. Additional gains on the heights east and north of Gorizia also are recorded. Italian aircraft in numbers unprecedented in this theatre of war are taking part. Once more the imperative necessity for superiority in the air is demonstrated.

LIBERTY BOND LAST INSTALLMENT PAID

Proceeds to Treasury Amount to About \$2,015,000,000—Bonds to Be Ready Soon—Then Second Issue.

Washington, Aug. 31.—Nearly \$400,000,000 was paid into the treasury yesterday in the final installment of the Liberty loan, approximately \$1,615,000,000 already has been paid in representing principal and interest on the Liberty bonds. The payment yesterday completes the financial transaction with the issue of the bonds, and it is thought likely that the bonds themselves will be ready for distribution within a short time.

It is likely that an announcement concerning the second issue of the bonds will be made shortly by Secretary McAdoo.

Sporting Notes.

John McGraw, manager of the New York National league team, has been fined \$1,000 and censured by the board of directors of the National league for approving an interview containing an attack upon President Tener of the league. This action was taken upon the demand of an investigation by the Baseball Writers' Association of America after McGraw had signed a statement repudiating the interview when called before the league.

The Tigers certainly slaughtered the Indians Wednesday in the encounter between the two teams, when they secured 18 hits against the opposing pitchers. Turkleson, a Marshalltown recruit, made his debut in an Indian suit in a fine manner in the first inning he pitched, when he struck out Cobb and Veach and made a single himself.

Leslie Mann, the Chicago National league outfielder, has been called by the national association of the Y. M. C. A. to report at Camp Logan, Houston, Tex., to assume his duties as instructor of physical work.

Larry Cheney, a pitcher of the Brooklyn National league team, has been arrested at New York on a requisition warrant issued by the governor of Florida on the charge of non-support, sworn to by his wife. According to a statement made by Cheney, he was supposed to give his wife \$10,000 in monthly installments of \$300. His salary is only \$3,600 a year and he could not meet the payments.

It was a bitter bill for Boston to lose Wednesday's game with Cincinnati, for Sherwood Magee, a Brave discard, drove in what proved to be the winning run with a clean single over second base.

President Ban Johnson of the American league is credited with the intention of strengthening the New York American league team for the season of 1918.

THAT LIVER IS NO GOOD

that is so lazy it lets the skin do part of its work. The skin turns yellow doing it. Such a liver upsets the whole system. Take Hood's Pills, they put the liver to work; best for biliousness, yellowness, constipation. Do not irritate nor gripe. Price 25c, of druggists or C. L. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.

JOHNSTON WINS IN QUALIFYING ROUND

Has Low Gross Score of 74—Freeland and Craig Have Low Gross Scores for Annual Handicap Cup.

Owing to the heavy rain that fell all yesterday forenoon, there was not so large an entry for the annual tournament of the Barre Golf club as would have been the case had the weather conditions been favorable. However, when the time for starting the qualifying round came, there were 23 players' names drawn, and in spite of the rain they all started out and some good scoring was done by one or two of the members, but had the weather been fine, it is believed some record scoring would have been done, as the players lately have shown great form.

In the qualifying round of 18 holes, William Johnston, the 1917 Vermont state champion, won the low gross cup, with a low gross score of 74, while James Freeland and William Craig were tied for the annual handicap cup, with a net score of 73 each.

Below are the results of the qualifying round of 18 holes: (The first 16 best scores qualified for championship, the others for the third eight.)

	Gross	Hdp.	Net
W. Johnston	74	0	74
J. Freeland	78	5	73
A. W. Freeland	80	4	76
W. Craig	82	9	73
L. E. Hutchinson	84	6	78
J. B. Stewart	85	5	80
G. M. Marston	85	9	76
W. Stuart	85	10	75
H. Forsyth	87	4	83
J. E. Walsh	87	4	83
C. Dodge	87	10	77
D. J. McMillan	87	11	76
D. Stuart	89	6	83
J. Leslie	92	9	83
R. Phillips	92	14	78
J. Kenefick	93	13	80
C. Burke	93	17	76
A. P. Abbott	94	10	84
P. Brown	95	9	86
J. Robertson	96	11	85
P. Scampini	102	20	82
R. Wright	106	17	89
P. Alexander	109	22	87

In the first round, match play, 18 holes for the championship: Hutchinson beat Forsyth, 5 up and 4 to play; Walsh beat A. W. Freeland, 1 up; J. B. Stewart beat Leslie, 5 up and 3 to play; J. Freeland beat McMillan, 3 up and 2 to play; D. Stuart beat Burke, 6 up and 4 to play; Craig beat W. Stuart, 1 up at 19th hole; Marston beat Dodge, 6 up and 4 to play; Johnston beat Phillips, 7 up and 5 to play.

In the first round, match play 18 holes for the third eight: Robertson beat Alexander, P. Brown beat Wright by default, Abbott beat Scampini, Kenefick got a bye.

Draws for second round for championship: Hutchinson plays Walsh, J. B. Stewart plays J. Freeland, D. Stuart plays Craig, Marston plays Johnston.

Draws for second round, second eight: Forsyth plays A. W. Freeland, Leslie plays McMillan, Burke plays W. Stuart, Dodge plays Phillips.

Semifinal third eight: Robertson plays P. Brown, Abbott plays Kenefick.

EMIGRATION INCREASED

Total Leaving Sweden 300 Larger in 1916 Than in 1915.

Stockholm, Aug. 31.—Emigration from Sweden in 1916 exceeded the 1915 figures by more than 3,000. The total number was 7,301, against 4,078 the year before. Strenuous efforts to discourage emigration are being made and have for some years been made by the National Association to Oppose Emigration, the president of which is Dr. Adrian Molin. The association's efforts are warmly seconded by the government. Efforts are being made to find work for returned emigrants and to induce them not to return to America—practically the only country to which Swedes emigrate. These efforts were unusually successful last year, and a great number of Swedish-Americans who had returned for a visit were induced to settle down here. Many of them bought farms and work was found for others.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Yesterday's Results.

At Pittsburgh—St. Louis-Pittsburgh, rain.
At Philadelphia—(First game) Philadelphia 4, Boston 3; (second game) Boston 3, Philadelphia 0.
At Brooklyn—New York-Brooklyn, rain.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

	Won	Lost	Pct.
New York	76	41	.650
Philadelphia	66	51	.564
St. Louis	64	58	.525
Cincinnati	66	62	.516
Chicago	62	62	.500
Brooklyn	58	60	.492
Boston	50	65	.435
Pittsburgh	38	81	.319

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Yesterday's Results.

At New York—Washington-New York, rain.
At Boston—Philadelphia 1, Boston 1 (called on account of darkness at end of tenth).
At Cleveland—Detroit 4, Cleveland 3.
At Chicago—Chicago 8, St. Louis 4.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

	Won	Lost	Pct.
Chicago	82	46	.641
Boston	73	47	.608
Cleveland	68	60	.531
Detroit	66	59	.528
New York	58	63	.471
Washington	55	64	.462
St. Louis	49	79	.383
Philadelphia	44	75	.370

TO FRUSTRATE THE U-BOATS

England Launches the First Standard Merchantman

MANY HUNDREDS TO BE CONSTRUCTED

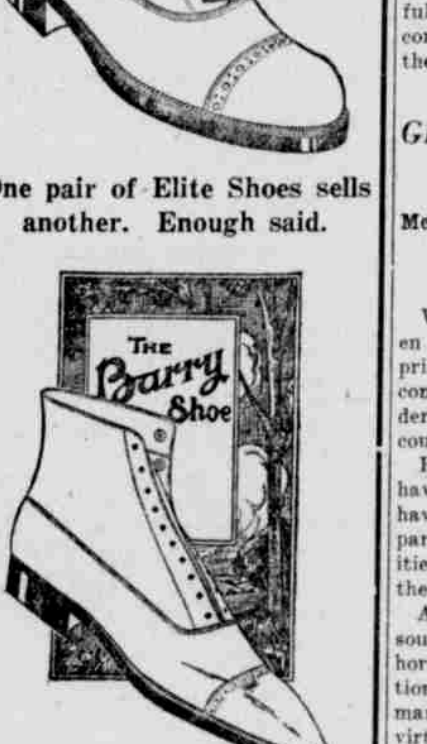
President Wilson Pushes Forward the Destroyer Program

Washington, Aug. 31.—Further preparations to combat the U-boats are being pushed forward with expedition on both sides of the ocean. In England the first of a vast fleet of standard merchantmen has just been launched. It is said that they will range from 3,000 to 7,000 tons and can be built in four months. The yards are full of keels and many hundreds of this type of ship are to be built with the least possible delay. On this side the program for destroyers has been advanced. Of the \$350,000,000 appropriated, \$225,000,000 is to be expended on building plants to construct engines, etc., for the destroyers, while \$125,000,000 will go for the vessels themselves. The navy department has decided on a standardized type which will have a speed of not less than 35 knots, will be electrically driven and will be equipped largely upon lines recommended by Admiral Sims, who is in command of the American destroyer fleet in European waters, and whose advice, born of practical experience, is of inestimable value to the department. British shipping losses were somewhat increased last week, 18 vessels of more than 1,000 tons each being victims of submarines or mines. The sailings and arrivals keep well up to the average of 2,600 ships. Germany's scheme to get control of Dutch traders after the war has been upset by Holland's refusal to comply with the request that all vessels repaired with German steel should be assigned exclusively to Teuton use for five years after peace.



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The Barry Shoe

FOR MEN WHO CARE

40 of the latest models in Patent, Dark Brown, Cordovan, Gun Metal, etc., cloth and fancy tops, \$5.00 to \$8.00 pr. 32 styles Men's Dress Boots, all sizes, per pair\$3.98

The Elva Shoe for Women



A to EE All leathers, correct fitting. Sets snug in the arch. Glove-like feeling on the foot. One piece lining to the toe. Prices, \$4.50 to \$7.00 pr.

We would appreciate it to have you look this fine line of High-Grade Shoes over.

Saturday is the last day of our Big Children's Sale

Yours truly,

Shea's Shoe Store

RECONSTRUCTION AFTER THE WAR

Largest Question Will Be Carrying Out Government's Pledges to the Labor Unions.

London, Aug. 31.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press).—A vast sphere of work lies before the new British minister of reconstruction, whose office has just been added to those included in the British cabinet. Premier Lloyd George is firmly convinced that the foundation for the complex work of reconstruction after the war ought to be begun at once, even if it is at first confined to matters of inquiry and investigation.

The largest question before the new ministry will be the question of carrying out the government's pledges to the labor unions that their pre-war position will be restored to them. Employers frequently have argued that this will be impossible. Union leaders insist that the government has given its pledge and must fulfill it.

Discussing this phase of post-war conditions, Professor L. T. Hobhouse, head of the department of sociology in London university and one of the government's advisers on labor, said to-day:

"The business of the minister of reconstruction is to think out the best methods by which the half-formulated, half-understood impulses of the masses of people can get themselves expressed in a reasonable manner. The first problem with which we shall be faced is that of reconstructing trade union conditions. I say reconstructing advisedly, because if we were to speak of restoration there would be those who would say at once that it is impossible in view of the total change in conditions which the war has brought about."

"But this is a problem in which the good faith of the government is involved. Nothing could be more definite than the pledge to trade unionists that the alterations involved in dilution of labor and the suspension of 'customs of the trade' should hold only for the period of the war. If this pledge is not fulfilled it will be a fatal blow to the confidence of the public in the good faith of governments. If it is shown that it cannot be fulfilled because circumstances have altered, the answer must be that we can only vary a pledge with the consent of the persons to whom the pledge was made."

"If it is true that old labor conditions cannot be restored, then it will be for the trade unionists to determine what arrangements they would accept as a substitute for the old conditions. The reconstruction committee has already taken a step in this direction by suggesting the formation of industrial councils in which both employer and employed shall be represented and have considerable powers in shaping the course of each industry. In such councils it will be possible for trade unionists and employers to discuss frankly and fully the best methods of meeting the new situation, so as to secure a renewed progress of British industry with fair conditions for the worker. Any system to which the trade union members of such councils agree might, for that industry, be taken as the fair equivalent of that restoration of conditions which we pledged."

"Much of the unrest in the labor world to-day, attributed to doubts as to the fulfillment of this pledge, might be overcome if such a method of redeeming the pledge were adopted."

GERMANS STARVE AND BEAT WAR PRISONERS

Men Are Forced to Work in the Trenches Under Fire of the Allied Guns.

Washington, Aug. 31.—Starved, beaten and subjected to many indignities, prisoners of war in Germany are being compelled to work in trench and field under the fire from the armies of their own countries.

Reports made by Russian soldiers who have escaped from Germany and which have been transmitted to the state department, say prisoners of all nationalities are being used on work just behind the lines and within range of the guns.

A small portion of bread, some thin soup and occasionally a bit of meat of horses shot in action comprise their rations. When the Russian soldiers left, many of the units had lost by disease virtually half their number. No new clothing had been issued to them and in all sorts of weather they are forced to work in vermin-laden rags.

Military overseers, the Russians reported, frequently had them tied to boards and beaten until they had reached the point of exhaustion.

BAR SILVER HEADING TOWARD \$1 AN OUNCE

Steady Advance in Price Continues in New York—Quotation Yesterday 90 3/4 Cents.

New York, Aug. 31.—Bar silver's steady advance was unbroken yesterday, the metal being quoted here at 90 3/4 cents an ounce, almost one cent more than Wednesday's highest figure.

U. S. PAYS BOYS FOR PEGS.

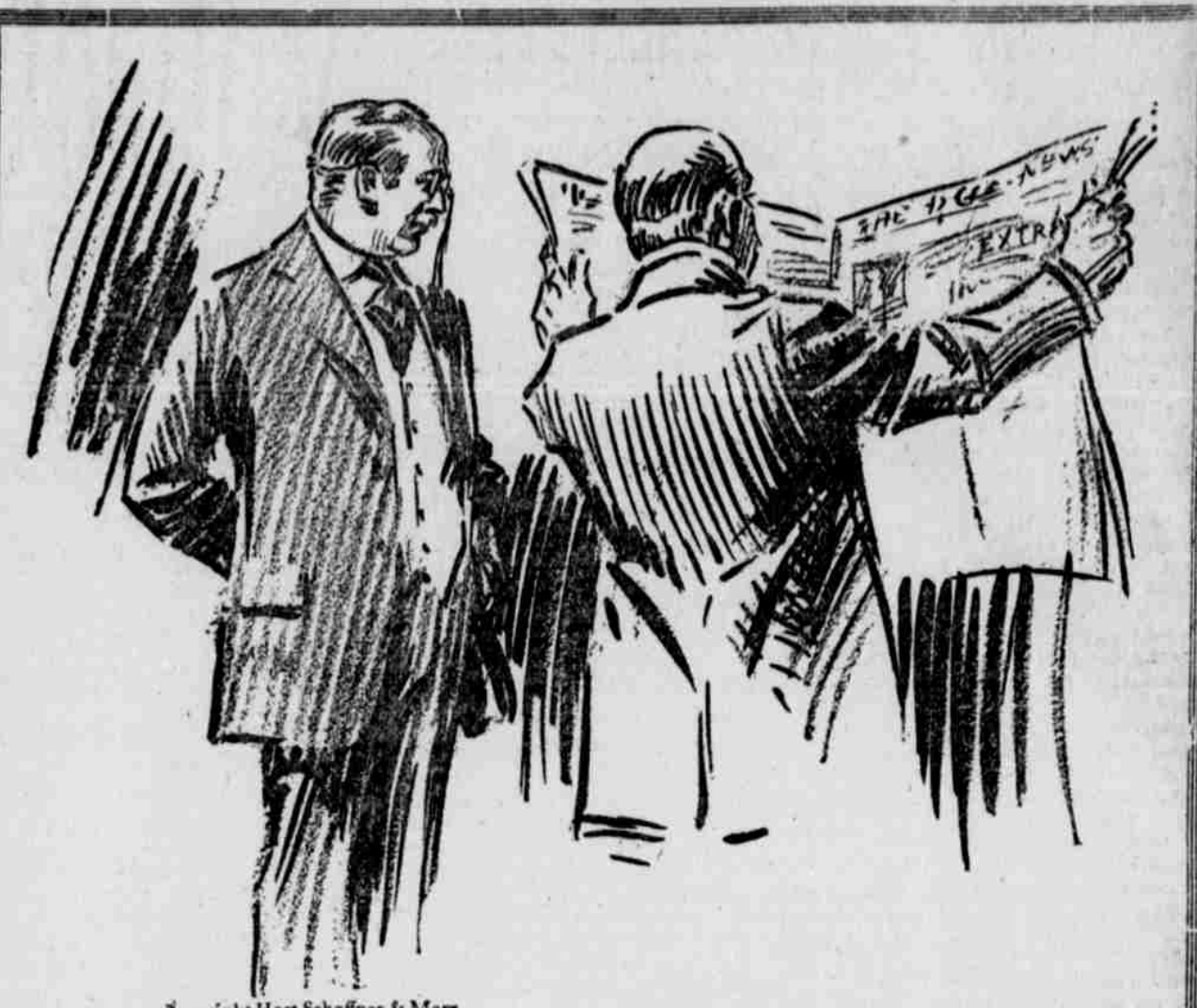
High School Students in Pennsylvania Get \$125.87 on Government Contract.

Philadelphia, Aug. 31.—What is believed to be the first payment ever made by the government to school boys for army contract work was recorded to-day, when a war department check for \$125.87 was received here to pay high school students for the manufacture of tent pegs supplied several weeks ago.

Dr. Charles C. Heyl of the civilian service and labor department of the Pennsylvania committee of public safety obtained the tent peg contract for the boys of the several high schools in the city, and 10,450 hardwood pegs were turned out in the school wood-working shops for the government.

Seven Killed.

Aberdeen, Md., Aug. 31.—Seven men were killed and two others seriously injured at a railroad crossing near here to-day when a wagon was run down by a train.



It's part of our business to have the sort of things our customers like; the other part is to be sure they continue to like the things they buy here.

That's what our guarantee of satisfaction means.

Clothes for Men of Affairs

There are many men built like the one in the picture. There are others who belong to the opposite extreme. Some are short; others are tall, erect, or head forward; many of them believing that the only way to get clothes that fit is to have them tailored to measure.

That's costly and uncertain, these days.

Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes are here ready, and there's a fit for every man.

These makers use nothing but the finest all-wool fabrics in their clothes. We have conservative models for men who like them, and younger models for middle-aged men who prefer to look as young as they feel. Take your choice. You can have your money back if you are not satisfied.

Shirts and underwear for "odd size" men.

We make a specialty of fitting "hard to fit" men in shirts and underwear—sleeves just the right length; no binding or drawing under the arms—the prices are as easy as the garments feel on you—and that's mighty easy.

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BOND BILL VOTE NEXT WEEK.

Insurance Measure for Soldiers and Sailors Will Be Delayed Also.

Washington, Aug. 31.—Republican opposition to administration plans for the quick passage of the new war bond and certificate bill and the soldiers' and sailors' insurance bill forced a House agreement yesterday which will delay a vote on them until late next week.

The bond bill will not be considered before Tuesday, and the insurance bill will follow, probably Friday.

A tentative agreement to require the secretary of the treasury to sell at cost foreign bonds taken in exchange for loans was reached yesterday by the ways and means committee. The bill as drawn proposed to permit the secretary to fix the price. The insurance bill is to have the prestige of a favorable report, except that the maximum amount of insurance will be set at \$5,000, instead of \$10,000, as in the original draft.

STOCK MARKET HAS A SHARP BREAK

Long Line of Issues Off 2 to 10 Points—Delaware & Hudson Sells Below Par.

New York, Aug. 31.—With the market closing yesterday at noon there was a bad break throughout a long line of stocks. The drop varied from 2 to 10 points, some of the war specialties being chief sufferers. United States Steel common dropped 2 1/2 points, to 116 1/2, then rallied a point and turned soft again. There was a large volume of trading on the decline. Railroads were weak, with Delaware & Hudson leading the decline. This stock closed Wednesday at 103. It sold ex-dividend 2 1/2 yesterday and dropped below par, thus scoring a new low. This stock has been under pressure for a number of months.

Traders availed themselves of the half-holiday ordered by the stock exchange yesterday in honor of the departing soldiers, to further depress prices. Texas company suffered an extreme decline of 12 points and Industrial Alcohol 7 1/2. Rallies of 1 to 4 points ensued at the end. The close was weak. Sales approximately 350,000 shares.

Liberty bonds sold at 99.92 to 99.98.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years. Always bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Hart.

FRANCE CAN TAKE ANY COMMODITIES

Anything Necessary to Civil Life Can Be Taken Over By Government at a Fixed Price.

Paris, Aug. 31 (Correspondence of the Associated Press).—Before adjourning for summer vacation last week, Parliament passed a law on requisitioning which allows the government to requisition, or take over at a fixed price, any commodities necessary to civil life, just as it has always had power to requisition anything for the army.

The new law will allow several measures intended to alleviate the distress of living to be put into immediate effect as all necessary preliminaries have been arranged for weeks, in readiness for the moment that this law would give the authorities power to act.

The first measure will be to inaugurate "national footwear." This does not mean that everybody is to buy and wear state boots, but that good boots will be available to the people at a fair price. The price of boots and shoes has soared since the war to such a height that only well-to-do people can buy them. The cost of footwear, other than of leather, even of wooden sabots, has of course greatly advanced owing to the greater demand from those who are now unable to buy leather boots.

"National footwear" will of course be standardized. The ministry of commerce, in collaboration with the army commissariat, will requisition the necessary leather and the boots will be made for the civilians in exactly the same way as they are already made for the army. The prices will be stamped on them so that no one need pay more than the official rate. Men's boots will be sold at \$5.60 at pre-war exchange, women's at \$4.60, boys' and girls' at \$3.60 and children's at a price not yet fixed, between \$3 and \$3.20. These prices allow a fair profit to the intermediary between maker and buyer.

LAURIER SUPPORTS CONSCRIPTION.

Tells Borden That It Is His Duty to Help Harmonious Working.

Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 30.—Conscription became law in Canada yesterday when Justice Duff of the supreme court, acting for the governor-general, gave royal assent to the measure.

The bill is for the purpose of raising 100,000 men to reinforce the Canadian divisions fighting at the front. All Canadians between 20 and 45 years may be called. They will be divided into classes according to age, whether married or single.

BARGAINS In Used Cars

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These cars are in good condition and should please anyone desiring a low priced car.

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Goodfellow's Garage
69 South Main St.

Another government order that speaks well for the

INDIAN

The Hendee Manufacturing Co. have received an order from the government calling for 3,500 Indian Motorcycles complete. The government finds, after inspecting different motorcycle plants, that the Hendee Manufacturing Co. is the only factory that is capable of delivering this amount of motorcycles on a short notice.

If anyone is thinking of buying an Indian, come in and leave your order at once, as it will be hard to get them.

A. M. Flanders